



To Correspondents.

Correspondents will please write on one side of the paper only. No communication will be published unless accompanied with the real name and address of the author, which we require not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.

All communications should be addressed to "THE HERALD," Chelsea, Washtenaw Co., Mich.

CHELSEA HERALD.

CHELSEA, MAY 1, 1873.

[By request of several citizens of Chelsea, we publish the following:]

The Last of the Suicide—Who is Guilty?

SERMON BY THE REV. MR. HUNT.

[From the Jackson Citizen, March 28.]

The last sad rites of earth were solemnized yesterday afternoon over the remains of C. B. Aylworth, the suicide, the Second Congregational Church being crowded upon the occasion. Rev. Mr. Hunt having been invited by the Typographical Union, who took charge of the funeral, to give a brief discourse upon the unhappy subject, fulfilled his trust in the most effective and affecting manner. He chose his text from Job, chapter x, verse 1:

"My soul is weary with my life; I will leave my complaint upon myself; I will speak in the bitterness of my soul."

Some months since a pleasant-looking man entered the Sabbath School connected with this church, bearing in his arms a sweet-looking little girl, perhaps three years of age, and seating himself near the door, listened with marked attention to the singing of the children. Now and then a tear gathered in his eye, which was hastily brushed away with one hand, while the other seemed to clasp the little one whom he loved, more closely to his heart. When approached by the pastor, he said, "Oh, sir, I came in to let my little daughter hear the singing—and, sir, I must confess that my heart has been touched." He came again and again, each time bringing the little girl with him.

At the close of an evening meeting, when an appeal had been made to Christian people to go out and find those who were waiting for the troubling of the waters, but had no hand to bring them to the living waters, he seized the hand of the pastor, oh, so frantically, while his eyes bespoke the feelings of his soul, and exclaimed, "I am that man; no one to take me to Jesus, and I cannot go alone. Will you help me? Sir, I have an appetite which I cannot control, and unless Christ helps me I must perish!"

Such help as this church could render was given him. He stopped drinking, and the proprietor of the Citizen restored him to his position in the office. He looked happy, prayed earnestly, and spoke with an ease and grace which showed him to be a man of thought, yea, of culture. The wife put on a cheerful countenance, rocked the new-born babe, and talked of comfort and better days to come.

He was a printer by profession—a fine workman, a good scholar—kind-hearted, and generous to a fault. A good husband, a loving father, and a peaceable citizen. But, alas! his body lies cold in death before us today—his once happy wife a widow with anguish too deep for utterance—his little girl (God pity her) fatherless—and his babe the offspring of a suicide!

In the army he had acquired an appetite for strong drink, and it had become so strong that it seemed impossible for him to control it, when the temptation was continually placed before him. He tried but failed; tried and failed again; till at length, weary of life, he exclaimed, "I will leave my complaint upon myself; I will speak in the bitterness of my soul."

Oh! how weary must that soul be—how tired and sick of life to calmly and deliberately plan his own destruction, and then, surmounting every obstacle, carry out his design. The orphan girl of sixteen—away from friends and home, hunted by fiends and chased by demons, who walk our streets to-day with the mark of Cain upon them, might say, "I am like an owl of the desert; and I lie down and die; but how a father who loved his children so fondly, that even when under the influence of liquor seldom failed to bring some token of affection to them, and whose wife ever treated him with kindness and consideration—how he could bring such sorrow and misery upon

them, can only be solved upon the ground of mental derangement.

Yes, our friend was deranged, mad, frantic, discouraged with his oft-repeated failures, bewildered by the poison which he had in his brain; and in this state of bewilderment cried, "my soul is weary of my life, I will leave my complaint upon myself, I will speak in the bitterness of my soul." We are startled with this event, as though it was a rare, an isolated case, when the figures show that 450 commit suicide every year in the United States from the effects of liquor.

Much as I respect the feelings of this bereaved wife, and these relatives, truly comfort me to assert that this murder, foul murder has been committed. Charles Aylworth is dead, and he either took his own life unaided and is wholly responsible for it, or he had accomplices who aided him in the act and are more or less guilty. And whoever is guilty of this murder, upon him or them the judgment of Heaven will fall.

And now let us look at this matter and see if we can place the blame where it belongs. He was an intelligent moral agent. He knew the evils of intemperance. He knew the ruin which it wrought, and with his eyes open to all its fearful effects, commenced and laid the foundation of the gallows upon which his lifeless body hung but yesterday. For this he was responsible.

Time passed on. The appetite grew stronger and stronger, until it got the mastery of him and led him captive at its will. He had not the power to control it. A physician who has attended the inebriate in the asylum on Randall's Island, says that the brain is composed of an innumerable amount of little cells, which can be fed and satisfied with stimulents. But after having been fed with stimulents that come from alcoholic drinks—until they are degraded and inflamed—the food must be given them or they become frantic. And when the food is taken away, these 10,000 little mouths open wide—and like demons cry—drink, drink, drink. And no man can withstand the cry, providing the temptation is placed before him.

Now this is the condition in which we find this unfortunate man in the city of Jackson—unable to withstand temptation—and a hundred temptations placed before him daily. Yes, one hundred places, some rich and inviting, others dark and dismal, all crying to the struggling man, come; here is the panacea, here is the beverage that will deaden that fever, and quiet the cryings of that starving brain. Here, here, here, a hundred voices cry at once, here is the place to buy unlabeled poisons, come and buy; I know your wife needs clothing, and your babes need food, but come buy my poison, buy. My wife must dress in silks, and my daughters wear jewels, though your wife go in rags, your children cry for food, and you lie cold and stiff in the tomb alone.

He stood up and did his best, and cried, "let me alone, let me alone—close your doors, hide those decanters, tempt me not!" But no; the decanters were so arranged in front of mirrors that they showed a double set, extra lights were thrown on, the organs sounded, pictures, paintings, everything that could make a house of death look brilliant, cried, "come, buy our poison, come!"

[TO BE CONCLUDED NEXT WEEK.]

News in a Nutshell.

The Carlists continue the bombardment of Puigcerda.

The Kiowa, Cheyenne, and Arapahoe Indians are preparing for war.

Savannah, Ga., reports its first case of no stroke.

San Francisco is luxuriating in strawberries and cream.

The people and the sheep on the islands on the Irish coast, off Galway, are dying of starvation.

Sir Walter Scott will be commemorated by a monument in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia.

Bismarck and Von Moltke will accompany the German Emperor on his visit to St. Petersburg.

Bidwell the forger, escaped from prison in Havana by jumping over the balcony. He is supposed to be hiding in that city.

The Bidwells and Macdonnell, now under arrest, are positively declared to be the perpetrators of the bank of England forgeries.

John Savage, late cashier of the Lechmere National Bank at Boston, has pleaded guilty of embezzling the funds of the bank, and will be sentenced this month.

Danville, Tenn., has resurrected some fifty skeletons from seven to eight feet in length, which are supposed to have belonged to the pre-Indian race of mound-builders.

A premature explosion of a steam blast at Dexter Lime Rock Quarry, Lincoln, R. I., on Thursday afternoon, caused the instant death of Owen Moffat and a Frenchman, whose name is unknown, and serious injury to four others.

On Wednesday afternoon Shepard's partially completed four-story building on Main street, in Middletown, Conn., fell with a crash, burying fifteen or twenty workmen, five of whom were taken out dead, and several more badly injured.

The pocket-book of Nelson Curtis, a builder, was stolen on Wednesday from a pile of lumber in Devonshire street, Boston, where he had momentarily laid it while examining papers. It contained \$3,800 in bank notes, and \$20,000 in notes of hand.

John Kennedy attempted to murder his wife and daughter, on Friday, at San Francisco. He attacked them with an ax, and inflicted terrible wounds on his wife, and then jumped out through a window of the second story of the house, and hanged himself.

Dispatches from all parts of Virginia report extensive fires in the woods, causing considerable damage to fences and railroad property, and in many places destroying houses and barns. The largest of these fires occurred along the line of the Richmond and Danville Railroad, and in Orange, Hanover, Caroline, Charlotte and Appomattox counties. One fire in Charlotte county swept through a space of country three miles wide and twelve miles long with great force, destroying all the fences, tobacco, barns, out-houses and other property in its track. Two men in Appomattox county were burned to death.

Mary McDermott, aged 30, was murdered most brutally by her husband, John McDermott, aged 36, an Irish laborer, on Sunday, in their apartments, on the second floor of the two-story brick tenement-house, No. 425 West Fifty-second street, New York City. McDermott was jealous of his own cousin, Patrick Ryan, who had boarded with them at intervals for five years, but who left the house a week previous to the murder. When she was preparing breakfast on Sunday morning, McDermott seized a heavy, long-handled, stone-breaker's hammer, with which he dealt his wife a terrible blow on the forehead, crushing her skull and killing her instantly. A woman who occupied adjoining apartments notified the police, who arrested the murderer when he was about to take his departure. He admitted his guilt, and endeavored to commit suicide by dashing his head against the walls of his cell, but was prevented.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

CHARLES WINES, Agent for the sale of the J. ESTEY & CO.'S ORGANS, CHICKERING & SONS, HAINES BROS., AND PEIRSON'S CELEBRATED PIANOS, PIANO STOOLS, &c., &c., &c. Pianos and Organs tuned and repaired. All orders left with C. H. Kempf, will be promptly attended to. Chelsea, Mich., Feb. 20, 1873.

C. H. KEMPF,

DEALER IN— Furniture, Carpets, &c., Also, Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Lime, Salt and Grand Rapids Plaster. Cash paid for Produce. Furniture Rooms: Main street, Chelsea, Mich. v2-31

A CARD

TO THE LADIES. Mrs. M. E. SERGENT, Milliner, would respectfully announce to the ladies of Chelsea and vicinity, that she is prepared to do all kinds of Millinery for the ladies, and has opened a first-class Millinery Establishment in the store with G. H. Coleman, where she will be happy to receive a share of patronage in her line. Give her a call. v2-27-3m

AGENTS WANTED!

For the great sensation of hygienic literature, OUR DIGESTION; Or,

My Jolly Friend's Secret.

Dr. DIOLEWIS' new work is an immense success. Saves money, worry, and precious health, and shows how to Live Well and Grow Fat on \$1 a week. Agents are gaining money, and doing a world of good with it. The same chances still open. Delay not, but address at once, E. HANNAFORD & Co., Publishers, 192 West Madison Street, Chicago. 31

WM. JUDSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN— Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c., Main Street, Chelsea, Mich. v2-28

BLACKSMITHING

HORSE-SHOEING SHOP.

ISAIAH VOGEL, would respectfully call attention to the inhabitants of Chelsea and vicinity, that he is prepared to execute all kinds of Blacksmithing work on short notice, and on reasonable terms. Horse-shoeing a specialty and warranted. Shop: At the old stand lately occupied by J. M. McDonald, corner North and Main streets, Chelsea, Mich. v2-32

Call at the HERALD office for your cheap printing. All branches of job work done at low rates. Give us a call.

NEW CARPETS. We have now in store an entire new stock of selected patterns of CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, AND MATTINGS. We bought them Cheap, and will sell them At Low Prices!!

At Low Prices!! CARPETS FOR CHURCHES AT FIRST COST. HEMP and WOOL CARPETS for 25 Cents Per Yard. Tapestry Brussel Carpets, - - \$1.20 to \$1.50 " Ingrain " - - - 45 to 1.25 LACE CURTAINS & CURTAIN GOODS. DRESS GOODS, POPLINS, SILKS, PAISLEY SHAWLS, IN GREAT VARIETY. P. R. Sabin & Co. Jackson, Mich., May 1, '73.

HARDWARE and STOVES. YOU can find a better assortment of HARDWARE and STOVES, at L. C. RISDON'S, ANN ARBOR, than any other place in the State of Michigan, and cheaper to all those who contemplate building, will find it to their advantage to give him a call. He has also a fine stock of IMPROVED BARN DOOR ROLLERS, The best in use. CHELSEA PLANING MILL, Chelsea, Michigan. WHITE & NEGUS, Manufacturers and Dealers in all descriptions of PLANNED LUMBER. And other Joiner work, Lumber Matched, Planed, Sawed, Resawed and otherwise worked to order. Special attention paid to Scroll Sawing and Turning. C. WHITE, E. L. NEGUS, Chelsea, Oct. 19, 1871. Bill-Heads, Cards and Posters done cheap at this office.

FOR OVER FORTY PURELY VEGETABLE LIVER MEDICINE has proved to be the GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC for Liver Complaint and its attendant ailments, such as Bilious attacks, Sick Headache, Depression of Spirits, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Chills and Fever, &c., &c. After years of careful experiments, meet a great and urgent demand, we now produce from our original Genuine Powders THE PREPARED. A Liquid Form of SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATORY, containing all the wonderful and valuable properties, and offering it in ONE DOLLAR BOTTLES. The Powders, (price as before) \$1.00 per package. Sent by mail \$1.04. CAUTION.—Buy no Powders except prepared SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATORY unless in our original wrapper, with Trade mark, Stamp and Signature unbroken. None other is genuine. J. H. ZELIN & CO., MACON, GA., and PHILADELPHIA. For sale by Glazier & Armstrong, Chelsea, Mich. v1-12

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE GREAT INDUSTRIAL BOOK OF THE UNITED STATES. 1300 Pages and 300 Engravings. Written by 20 Eminent Authors, including JOHN B. GOUGH and HORACE GREENEY. This work is a complete history of all branches of industry, and is a complete encyclopedia of arts and manufactures. One agent sold 125 copies in eight days, another sold 303 in two weeks. Specimens sent free on receipt of stamp. J. B. BURR & HYDE, Publishers, Hartford, Conn., or Chicago, Ill. A NEW BOOK By a popular Author, will be ready in a few weeks. Agents who would secure territory, should apply at once. J. B. BURR & HYDE, Publishers, HARTFORD, CONN., OR CHICAGO, ILL. PROF. CONOVER'S Home Writing Lessons. IF YOU WISH to acquire a rapid and elegant handwriting at home, send for a package of PROF. CONOVER'S HOME WRITING LESSONS, which contains the same instructions you ordinarily pay from \$2 to \$5 for. Each package contains a set of beautifully written copies, with full instructions for their use, and also a beautiful piece of engraved penmanship. These copies are not engraved, but written expressly for the application by Prof. J. S. Conover, whose well known reputation throughout this State as one of the most skillful penmen of the age is a sufficient guaranty that the copies and instructions will be first class. One of these packages will be sent by mail to any address, on receipt of Fifty Cents. Address, J. S. CONOVER, 246m Coldwater, Mich. TO THE AFFLICTED. DR. G. V. ARMINGTON, Eclectic Physician, offers his professional services to the citizens of Chelsea and vicinity. DOCTOR A. HANNAFORD TREATED CHRONIC DISEASES for more than twenty years. He will give his special attention to Diseases of the Lungs, and Liver, Scrofula, Fever Sores, Chronic Sore Eyes, Female Weakness, General Debility, Chronic Affections of the Stomach, Nervous Affections, Catarrh, etc. His examination will be thorough and his opinion candid. He also diagnoses in chronic cases by the urine, first in the morning. GIVE HIM A CALL. OFFICE: Orchard street, three doors east of Baptist Church, Chelsea. August 8, 1872. DENTISTRY. Dr. A. B. WINSLOW, Surgeon & Mechanical DENTIST. OFFICE: Second Floor, Union Block, (West End) over P. A. Keeler's Store, Grass Lake, Mich. FRANK STAFFAN, Jr. UNDERTAKER. WOULD announce to the citizens of Chelsea and vicinity, that he keeps constantly on hand, all sizes and styles of ready-made COFFINS AND SHROUDS. Hears in attendance on short notice. Terms 60 days, or five per cent. off for cash. FRANK STAFFAN, Jr. Chelsea, Oct. 12, 1871. CLYDESDALE WASHING COMPOUND. A BEST SOAP IN USE. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

WANTED AGENTS FOR THE FUNNY SIDE OF PHYSIC. 800 Pages, 250 Engravings. A startling expose of Medical Humbug of the past and present. It ventilates Quacks, Travelling Doctors, Noted Female Quacks, Forging Testers and Mediums, and gives interesting anecdotes of Noted Physicians. It reveals startling secrets, and is invaluable to all. We give exclusive territory and liberal commissions. For circulars and terms address the publisher, J. B. BURR & HYDE, Hartford, Conn., or Chicago, Ill. A NEW BOOK By a popular Author, will be ready in a few weeks. Agents who would secure territory, should apply at once. J. B. BURR & HYDE, Publishers, HARTFORD, CONN., OR CHICAGO, ILL. PROF. CONOVER'S Home Writing Lessons. IF YOU WISH to acquire a rapid and elegant handwriting at home, send for a package of PROF. CONOVER'S HOME WRITING LESSONS, which contains the same instructions you ordinarily pay from \$2 to \$5 for. Each package contains a set of beautifully written copies, with full instructions for their use, and also a beautiful piece of engraved penmanship. These copies are not engraved, but written expressly for the application by Prof. J. S. Conover, whose well known reputation throughout this State as one of the most skillful penmen of the age is a sufficient guaranty that the copies and instructions will be first class. One of these packages will be sent by mail to any address, on receipt of Fifty Cents. Address, J. S. CONOVER, 246m Coldwater, Mich. TO THE AFFLICTED. DR. G. V. ARMINGTON, Eclectic Physician, offers his professional services to the citizens of Chelsea and vicinity. DOCTOR A. HANNAFORD TREATED CHRONIC DISEASES for more than twenty years. He will give his special attention to Diseases of the Lungs, and Liver, Scrofula, Fever Sores, Chronic Sore Eyes, Female Weakness, General Debility, Chronic Affections of the Stomach, Nervous Affections, Catarrh, etc. His examination will be thorough and his opinion candid. He also diagnoses in chronic cases by the urine, first in the morning. GIVE HIM A CALL. OFFICE: Orchard street, three doors east of Baptist Church, Chelsea. August 8, 1872. DENTISTRY. Dr. A. B. WINSLOW, Surgeon & Mechanical DENTIST. OFFICE: Second Floor, Union Block, (West End) over P. A. Keeler's Store, Grass Lake, Mich. FRANK STAFFAN, Jr. UNDERTAKER. WOULD announce to the citizens of Chelsea and vicinity, that he keeps constantly on hand, all sizes and styles of ready-made COFFINS AND SHROUDS. Hears in attendance on short notice. Terms 60 days, or five per cent. off for cash. FRANK STAFFAN, Jr. Chelsea, Oct. 12, 1871. CLYDESDALE WASHING COMPOUND. A BEST SOAP IN USE. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

M. C. R. R. Passenger Train...  
Michigan Central Station  
Chelsoa, Mich.  
Accommodation: 8:57 A. M.  
Mail Train: 9:58 A. M.  
Mail Train: 3:55 P. M.  
Accommodation: 8:30 P. M.  
Evening Express.

Closing the Mail  
Western: 6:45 A. M.  
Eastern: 3:50 P. M.  
Geo. J. C. Wells, Postmaster.

CHELSEA HERALD,  
PUBLISHED  
Every Thursday Morning by  
A. Allison, Chelsea, Mich.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.  
1 square, 1 Week, 1 Month, 1 Year.  
1 square, \$1.00, \$3.00, \$15.00  
1/2 Column, 4.00, 8.00, 25.00  
1/4 Column, 7.00, 10.00, 40.00  
1 Column, 10.00, 15.00, 75.00  
Ten lines or less is considered one square.  
Cards in "Business Directory" \$5.00 per year.  
Notices in "Local Column" 10 cents a line; no notice for less than 50 cents.

Legal advertisements at Statute prices.  
All local yearly advertisements are due quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid in advance.  
Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths inserted gratis.  
Advertisers must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

**Congregational Church,**  
Rev. H. FRANKLIN, Services at 10:15 A. M. and 7 P. M. Social meeting Thursday evening at 6:30 Sunday School at 12 M.

**Baptist Church,**  
Rev. L. C. PATTERSON, Services at 10:15 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Friday at 7 P. M. Sunday School 12 M.

**M. E. Church,**  
Rev. Wm. B. Holt, Pastor. Services at 10:15 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday School immediately after morning services.

**Catholic Church,**  
Rev. J. VAN GENIP, Services every third Sunday in the month, at 10:15 A. M. Sunday School every Sunday at 11 o'clock.

**Lutheran Church,**  
Rev. Mr. Wolf, Services every third Sunday.

**BRIEF MENTION.**  
We call attention to the advertisement of L. C. Hison, on second page.

TRANSFER.—Mr. Ira Wood sold his property in Chelsea, to Mr. A. Burkhardt, for \$1,600.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Shaw left Chelsea last Thursday for Canada, on a visit to his friends, where he intends to spend a few days.

REMOVAL.—Isra Vogel has moved to the Blacksmith shop formerly occupied by J. M. McDonald, corner of North and Main streets. See card on second page.

Next Sabbath evening, the pastor of the M. E. Church, of Chelsea, will preach a sermon in the church upon the subject of Temperance.

STREAK OF LUCK.—H. A. Smith, our late postmaster, was one of the lucky ones, in getting a prize of a silver castor, worth twenty-five dollars, at the Detroit Commercial Advertiser gift enterprise, that came off on April 26th, 1873.

THEME, NOW!—Don't say anything again about ladies looking in the looking-glass. A woman in Ann Arbor looked into a mirror, the other night, and saw a burglar, or rather the image of one, and thereby saved all her silver-ware, jewelry, etc., etc.

Mr. — of Chelsea, who was so fond of reading books in his neighbor's house, that when he came home one evening his wife exclaimed:  
"I wish I were a book that I might always be in your society."  
"I wish you were an almanac, so I could change you every year," replied he.

A COMICAL TRICK.—The following "trick" is good enough to play at any time of the year, and will bear repeating. Taken sheet of note paper, fold carefully and enclose \$1.50 to pay for the HERALD a year in advance. And what adds immense to the feat is to send the name of a new subscriber "with cash to balance." Keep your eye on the printer, and if you can detect a smile, the trick is a success. Try it.

RUNAWAY.—On Saturday last, while George Runciman was loading up plaster at the depot, his horses got frightened by a passing freight train, and run up Main street at a fearful speed, making the main fly in clouds. When they got to Fred Girbach's store, they made a circuit and one of the horses jumped into the wagon of Jacob Haisit, and breaking the axle tree no further damage was done.

CLEANING HARNESS.—A friend sends us the following recipe for cleaning harness, which we lay before our readers: "First, wash the harness clean with soap and water. Let it get nearly dry; then take a handful of hay, pour castor oil thickly over the hay and burn it in a pan. On applying plenty of the mixture it will be found to dry instantly and look well. The experiment is worthy of a trial.

CLEAN UP.—Now is the time to clean up and carry off the rubbish accumulated during the winter months. Do not allow things to "lay around loose" and rot, and thereby engender miasmatic diseases. Cart off the old ashes and cinders, the rotten apples and potatoes, and if a dead cat or a rat lies in the lot, take your spade and make a little funeral, not for the benefit of the cat or the rat, but for your own health. Remember, that "cleanliness is next to godliness."

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.—We had the pleasure on Saturday last, of visiting the well-known establishment of Hovey & Son. The above firm has rented the old stone warehouse on Main street, three doors south of Charles Tichenor's feed store—especially for a Repository to exhibit their beautiful carriages. Mr. Hovey, Sr., showed us some of the handsomest carriages that we have seen for some time, such as Top Buggies, Open Buggies, Covered Carriages, Platform Spring double seated Carriages, etc. We advise all those intending to purchase a fine carriage, should not fail to call at the Repository, and examine their carriages before purchasing elsewhere. It will well repay the visitor to make a call.

We presume it is not generally known that ministers, justices of the peace, etc., who, at any time, perform a marriage ceremony, are required, by law, to file a certificate to that effect, with the County Clerk of their respective counties; and perhaps, the further fact that physicians whose patients "die on their hands," or assist at births, are also required to certify, in like manner, such births and deaths, is not as well known as the first. Such are, certainly, the requirements of the law, and a heavy fine attached to a violation of the same.

You who lead sedentary lives—Printers, Tailors, Shoemakers, etc., will find a great relief for the Constipation from which you so often suffer by taking Stinson's Liver Regulator. It is a simple, harmless, vegetable compound, sure to give you relief, and can do no injury.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, April 23rd, 1873, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Mr. Tompkinson, Mr. ALBERT WARD to Miss SARAH KIRKLAND, all of Losco, Livingston county, Mich.

May you, wife life's rough path you tread,  
No rude mischance with roses spread,  
But may you walk with roses spread,  
A happy life below!

Dog Law.  
The following dog law passed the House of Representatives, at Lansing, on April 1st, and will take effect on July next, 1873. A bill to provide for licensing the keeping of dogs.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan, for and in lieu of any law now in force, or that may hereafter be enacted, be it enacted, that any person who shall own or keep a dog shall procure a license therefor, from the clerk of the township or city in which he may reside, for which he shall pay to such clerk as follows: For a male dog one dollar, for a female dog three dollars; which license shall run and be in force from the day of its date to the 1st day of April next thereafter. He shall cause the dog to wear around its neck, during the life of the license, and no longer, a collar, distinctly marked with its owner's name and registered number.

SECTION 2. The clerk, on proper application and payment, as herein provided, shall issue such license. It shall be dated, shall contain the name of the person to whom, and a description of the dog for which issued, the sum paid for it, and a statement of the time when it will run out. All licenses for any one year, commencing the first of April, shall be numbered consecutively in the order in which issued, commencing with No. 1. The clerk shall register, in a book to be kept by him for that purpose, the name of each licensee, description of his dog as in the license, the number of the license, and the amount paid. The said clerk shall, on request, permit any police officer or constable of his township or city to examine such register. The clerk may retain twenty cents for each license given by him, and shall pay the balance of the money received for licenses into the township or city treasury; and the moneys received for licenses for any one year, and thus paid into the treasury, shall constitute a fund for the payment of damages which any person or persons may sustain by the killing or wounding of sheep or lambs, by a dog or dogs, within such township or city during such year.

SECTION 3. When any person shall be damaged by the killing or wounding of his sheep or lambs by a dog or dogs, he may call on a disinterested justice of the peace of his township or city, not of kin to such person, and not a member of the township board, who shall proceed to view the sheep or lambs so killed or wounded, and if from such view he shall be satisfied that the same were killed or wounded by a dog or dogs, he shall make a certificate thereof in writing, stating the amount of damage sustained by such person, and shall deliver the same to the clerk of said township or city, who shall file the same in his office, and record it in the records of the township or city. The said justice shall receive for his services in each case the sum of two dollars, and ten cents for each mile actually and necessarily traveled by him in performing such service, to be paid out of the aforesaid fund, or if he shall be unable to do so, he shall be apportioned among the several school districts of such township or city in proportion to the number of children therein of school age. Provided, That no payment of damages shall be made, as provided for in this section, in cases in which the party sustaining the damage shall be able to obtain satisfaction therefor from the owner or owners of the dog or dogs which shall have done the damage; And provided further, That if any dog or dogs for which a license or licenses shall have been given by the clerk of any township or city, shall kill or wound any sheep or lambs, in any adjacent township or city, and the owner of such sheep or lambs shall not be able to obtain satisfaction therefor from the owner of such dog or dogs, the damage or a proportionate part thereof shall be paid out of the license fund of the township or city by the clerk of which such license or licenses were given, in the same manner, and subject to the same proceedings, as near as may be, as if such damage had been done in such township or city.

SECTION 4. Whoever shall keep a dog, contrary to the provisions of this act, shall forfeit the sum of ten dollars, to be recovered with costs, in an action of trespass on the case, in the name and for the use of the township or city in which such dog shall be kept; and no property owned by the defendant in such action shall be exempt from levy and sale by virtue of any writ or writs issued thereon, until judgment obtained therein for such forfeiture.

SECTION 5. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 6. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 7. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 8. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 9. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 10. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 11. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 12. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 13. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 14. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 15. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 16. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 17. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 18. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 19. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 20. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 21. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 22. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 23. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 24. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 25. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 26. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 27. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 28. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 29. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 30. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 31. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 32. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 33. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 34. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 35. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 36. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 37. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 38. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 39. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 40. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 41. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 42. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 43. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 44. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

SECTION 45. Any person may, and it shall be the duty of every police officer and constable of any township or city to kill any and all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act, and such officers shall be entitled to receive from the township or city treasury fifty cents for each dog so killed by them.

COMMERCIAL.

Chelsea Market.  
Corrected Weekly, by Wood Bro's & Co.  
CHELSEA, May 1, 1873.

FLOUR, per cwt. 4 50  
WHEAT, White, per bu. 1 50  
WHEAT, Red, per bu. 1 40  
CORN, per bu. 25  
OATS, per bu. 20  
CLOVER SEED, per bu. 4 50  
TIMOTHY SEED, per bu. 4 50  
BEANS, per bu. 2 50  
POTATOES, per bu. 1 50  
APPLES, Green, per bu. 30  
do, dried, per bu. 40  
HONEY, per lb. 15  
BUTTER, per lb. 20  
LARD, per lb. 8  
TALLOW, per lb. 6  
HAMS, per lb. 10  
SHOULDERS, per lb. 6  
EGGS, per doz. 10  
BEEF, live per cwt. 3 50  
SHEEP, live per cwt. 3 00  
HOGS, live, per cwt. 3 00  
do, dressed, per cwt. 4 00  
HAY, tame, per ton. 10 00  
do, marsh, per ton. 6 00  
SALT, per ton. 2 50  
Wool, per lb. 50  
CRANBERRIES, per bu. 3 25

LEGAL NOTICES.

Mortgage Sale.  
DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage, executed by Ann McLoughlin to John Van Gennip, on the twenty-sixth day of March, A. D. 1871, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds, for the county of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, in Liber 45 of mortgages, on page 104, and duly assigned by said John Van Gennip to Peter Gorman, Sr., on the third day of April, A. D. 1873; and which assignment was recorded in said Register's office, for said county, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1873, in Liber 3 of assignments of mortgages, on page 683; by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of twelve hundred and seventeen dollars and thirty-nine cents, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the amount due on said mortgage, or any part thereof. Notice is hereby given, that in virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, I shall sell public auction at the south front door of the Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said county of Washtenaw) on Friday the 11th day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the following property described in said mortgage, viz: The north part of the north-east fractional quarter of section number fifteen, containing seventy-nine acres of land, more or less, also the north half of the east fractional half of the north-west fractional quarter of said section fifteen; also, all the land lying next south of a certain creek, running nearly from east to west, which is the boundary of the south of said land, containing forty acres of land, excepting a certain piece in west lot, lying north of a certain out-let, running from Eagle Lake to South Lake, containing about four acres, more or less, all in township one south of Range three east, county of Washtenaw and State of Michigan.

Dated April 17th, 1873.  
PETER GORMAN, Sr., Assignee.  
LAWRENCE & SAWYER, Attys for Assignee.

Mortgage Sale.  
DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed by Laura Bates to Chandler Duning, on the twenty-second day of January, A. D. 1870, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for Washtenaw county and State of Michigan, in Liber 43 of mortgages, on page 151, on the 24th day of January, 1870. And the power of sale therein contained having become operative by reason of said default; and said mortgage containing a special interest clause, providing that in case any payment of interest falling due on said mortgage, should remain unpaid for the space of ten days, then the principal and all arrearages of interest should at the option of the obligee, become immediately due and payable. And default having been made in the payment of interest due on said mortgage, and said interest now remaining due and unpaid more than thirty days

